

WORKS CITED ENTRIES – MLA

Core Elements:

1. Author.

2. Title of source.

(name of article, chapter, section etc.)

3. Title of container.

(name of website, database, anthology, magazine, journal etc.)

4. Other contributors,

(editors)

5. Version,

6. Number,

(edition, volume, page numbers)

7. Publisher,

8. Publication date,

9. Location

URL or DOI (website address or digital object identifier number)

Refer to The MLA Style Center for samples:

<https://style.mla.org/works-cited-a-quick-guide-journal/>

Rules to Remember:

- Do not include city of publication

Authors

- When there are three or more authors, only the first one is given followed by **et al.**

Books and Other Printed Works

- Page numbers are preceded by **p.** or **pp.**
- The city of publication is not given

Journals

- Issues of scholarly journals are identified with abbreviations e.g. “**vol. 54, no.1**”
- If a scholarly journal is dated with a month or season, both are cited with the year.

Online Works

- The URL (without http://or https://) is given for a web source (with no angle brackets)
- DOIs (digital objects identifiers) are encouraged
- The date an online work was consulted is **optional**
- Omit information that is not available instead of using an abbreviation (e.g. n.d. for no date)

Publishers

- **U, P, and UP** are used for publishers' names (instead of university, press, and university press)
- A forward slash (/) separates the names of copublishers
- When an organization is both author and publisher of a work (e.g Britannica Encyclopedia) the organization's name is given only once (usually as the publisher).

Reference Works

- Reference works are treated like other works

“What’s New in the Eighth Edition, MLA Style Center.” *Modern Language*

Association, Modern Language Association of America, 2016, www.mla.org.